

Large deviations of triangle counts in the binomial random graph I

Wojciech Samotij (Tel Aviv University)

Time: Thursday, June 11th, 15:00 - 16:00 Zoom meeting ID: 923 683 41744 Password: 061801 Link: https://zoom.com.cn/j/92368341744



Abstract: Suppose that Y_1, \ldots, Y_N are i.i.d.(independent identically distributed) random variables and let $X = Y_1 + \cdots + Y_N$. The classical theory of large deviations allows one to accurately estimate the probability of the tail events X < (1 - c)E[X] and X > (1 + c)E[X] for any positive *c*. However, the methods involved strongly rely on the fact that *X* is a linear function of the independent variables Y_1, \ldots, Y_N . There has been considerable interest-both theoretical and practical-in developing tools for estimating such tail probabilities also when *X* is a nonlinear function of the *Y*_i. One archetypal example studied by both the combinatorics and the probability communities is when *X* is the number of triangles in the binomial random graph G(n, p).

Talk 1: We will give a very gentle introduction to the theory of large deviations and discuss the history of the large deviation problem for triangle counts.

About the speaker: Wojciech Samotij is an associate professor at Tel Aviv University. He received his PhD in 2010 at University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign under the supervision of József Balogh. He was a fellow of the Trinity College at the University of Cambridge and a postdoc at Tel Aviv University between 2010-2014. His areas of interest include various branches of extremal and probabilistic combinatorics and Ramsey theory, as well as some topics in statistical mechanics and additive number theory. Samotij received the 2013 Kuratowski Prize, the 2013 European Prize in Combinatorics and the 2016 George Pólya Prize.